THE ARBITRATION.

The continuation of the Arbitration, and other articles, have been crowded out, on account of the press of other matter.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Belleville, June 15th, 1859.

PRESENT—His Worship the Mayor, Messrs. Brown, Blacklock, Clark, Coleman, Corby, Henderson, Hope, LeVesconte, McArthur, and O'Hare.

Minutes of former meeting read and approved.

PETITIONS.

A petition from M. Sawyer, G. O. German, and others, praying to have the sidewalk and road leading to Flint's Wharf repaired.

A petition from John Rourke, asking, to have a fine imposed upon him for selling liquor, remitted.

A petition from Robert Sanderson, praying to be appointed Police Constable.

A petition from Henry Jessett, applying for the situation of Town Constable, stating that he was in a similar situation in England, was 33 years of age, and 6 feet 2 inches high.

The Clerk read other petitions, but we could not hear the purport of them.

REPORT.

The Committee upon Market and Police presented a Report, stating that they had enquired into the qualifications of those who had applied for the office of Town Constable, and found a large number well able to fill the office, and had no doubt but that the Council could select one from among them, who would do his duty.

On motion for the adoption of the Report, the vote stood,

YEAS—Messrs. Hope, Clark, Coleman, McArthur, Henderson, and Brown.—6.

NAYS—Messrs. O'Hare, Corby, and Blacklock.—3.

Mr. O'Hare demanded the Yeas and Nays, as he wanted to know who was behinging.

The Yeas and Nays were recorded accordingly.

FINANCE.

The Finance Committee's report was read, recommending the payment of a number of accounts.

DIVISION OF COLEMAN WARD.

Mr. Henderson gave notice, that at the next meeting of the Council, he would move a resolution, providing for the division of Coleman Ward.

ACCOUNTS.

Mr. LeVesconte moved, seconed by Mr. Clarke, That all accounts against the Corporation, be presented, before the 28th of June, inst., so as to enable the Treasurer to make up his half yearly returns; and that the Clerk give notice to that effect.

FINANCE.

The Council went into Committee of the whole, Mr. McArthur in the chair, and rose and recommended the payment of a number of accounts.

POLICE CONSTABLE.

The names of the applicants for Police Constable were then read.

Mr. LeVesconte moved, seconded by Mr. Brown, That the Council now proceed in accordance with the recommendation of the Police Committee, to appoint a Police constable in place of Robert Sanderson, resigned.

Mr. O'Hare moved, seconded by Mr. Blacklock, That there is no necessity at present, for appointing an additional Constable, as the expenses of the Town are high enough already.

Mr. Henderson asked the Mayor, if he had not said that two were necessary.

The Mayor said he thought there was a necessity for two, as one constable could do very little with a number of drunken men.

A discussion arose between Dr. Hope and Mr. O'Hare, as to the necessity of a second Police constable, which, as usual, ended in a little personal altercation, as to the probability of either of them ever being Mayor of the Town, when the Mayor reminded them that the Council was in session, and if they wished to indulge further, they had better wait *until the business was over.*

The amendment being then put,

YEAS—Messrs O'Hare and Blacklock.—2

NAYS—Messrs. Brown, Corby, LeVesconte, Henderson, Coleman, Clarke, Hope, and McArthur.—8.

The original motion was then put, and adopted, upon the same vote, reversed.

Mr. O'Hare moved, That the resignation of Mr. Sanderson be not accepted.

Mr Corby said that the resignation had been accepted, and if the name was entertained at all, it must be as a new applicant.

Motion not seconded.

The selection of a Constable was proceeded with, when,

Mr. O'Hare proposed Robert Sanderson,
Mr. Corby " " Pat. Campbell,
Mr. Henderson " " Wm. Kennedy,
Mr. LeVesconte " " James Wilson,
Mr. Blacklock " " Peter Finn,
Mr. O'Hare " " Wm. Degan,
Mr. Brown " " John Wilson,
Mr. O'Hare " " Thos. Boyle,
Mr. Brown " " Robt. Smith,
Mr. Corby " " John Williams,
do " " Patrick Hart,
do " " M. Sloan,
Mr. Henderson " " Henry Jessett.

Here the nominations ceased, until the Mayor remarked that there was one name yet, and that it was a pity any should be left.

Mr. Blacklock then said he would propose Chancey Weese.

The voting then commenced, taking the names as proposed. All were declared lost, until Mr. Wilson's name was put, when the vote stood, Yeas 8, Nays 2. The Mayor here declared Mr. Wilson elected; but Mr. O'Hare said no, he was not elected until the names were all put. The Mayor thought different, but said he would put them all to please him, which he did, and the farce of voting, after a majority had declared in favor of Wilson, was proceeded with, and all had the pleasure of being rejected.

Mr. Wilson was then declared the Police Constable elect.

LOANS.

Mr. Corby desired to lay before the Council *the necessity for cutting down the street in front of St. Thomas' Church.* A stone wall was then being built along the church yard, and the committee of the church wished to know how far the Street was to be lowered, and when.—*Referred to Street Committee.*

The Council then adjourned.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Belleville, June 15th.

DEAR SIR,—The *Chronicle* publishes a report this morning, purporting to be the last dying words of the murderer Rock, delivered on the scaffold, in which he is reported to have said of his wife: "she did marry another man, but that was not her fault."—The words used were,—"the only sake in her character, is the misfortune of having me for her unhappy husband." There are other gross inaccuracies, which I trust you will contradict.

I send you this correction in justice to the wife of the unfortunate man, who is living, and whose late husband has thus been made to accuse her of bigamy. It is certainly sufficient to be under the reproach of being a murderer's wife, without being accused by him of crime. Should you publish the report of the speech, I ask you in justice, to correct this error.

I remain,
Dear Sir,
Yours obediently,
FAIR PLAY.

"FAIR PLAY" will see by a reference to our report, that the inaccuracies of which he speaks, are corrected.—ED.]

Garibaldi, the white-haired leader of the Italian volunteers in the army in Italy, was exiled from Italy in 1849, and found refuge in the United States. A Western exchange says that he kept a coffee-house in Cincinnati a few years ago, and retailed liquor by the dram. He is a General in the Sardinian service, commanding fifteen thousand men, and to a great extent controlling the destinies of States.

WRECK—LOSS OF FIVE MEN.

Cap. John Miller of this place, arrived in port to-day, (Tuesday), and brings the sad intelligence of the wreck of the schooner Euphrates, Captain Klassen, off Kalamazoo, during the night of the 20th ult., from the only survivor of the ill-fated crew, who was taken from the wreck on Saturday morning about 11 o'clock by some fishermen. It seems the Euphrates left Holland, a place some seven miles north of Kalamazoo, with a load of lumber for the latter place, on Tuesday afternoon. During the night, about 11 o'clock, a heavy squall capsized her.—Three of the hands lashed themselves to the deck-load of lumber, and have not yet been heard of—they probably perished. The captain, cook, and the man who was rescued, lashed themselves to the wreck. The captain had an arm and leg broken, and an eye knocked out by the falling of the spars; and the man says he was alive at daylight on Friday morning, but so dreadful were his sufferings that in horrible fits to and fill, and sometime during the morning he was swept away by the waves.

The cook remained on the wreck until Saturday A. M., when he too was carried off. About an hour after that the wreck was discovered, and the unfortunate survivor rescued from his perilous situation, almost dead from exposure and the horror of his situation. He states (but it is only just to say he is subject to considerable wandering), that early on Saturday morning a fishing vessel came alongside, cut away the deck-load, and offered to take them on board, although the cook begged them to do so. We cannot bring ourselves to think any crew, in such a position, could be guilty of the act. The remains of the vessel washed ashore near Holland on Sunday. We were our troopy learn the names of the crew, or the survivor.—*Racine Advocate.*

THE BATTLE OF MONTEBELLO.

The battle of Montebello scarcely admits of description. It was a series of fearful deeds of daring, hand-to-hand fights, of sanguinary encounters, of desperate charges and assaults. The shells and bullets of the Austrians burst so fiercely, we were compelled to leave our center, already engaged, was obliged to fall back on the right of our lines retiring from Montebello, protected by a ravine filled with brushwood, which descended toward the main road to Voghera. As Gen. Beuret led on his men to support our center, it was observed that a body of the enemy had gained the top of a hilly ground behind the French division on our right. A deadly volley was poured into them, and, forced by the fire, both Piedmontese and French came out from the ravine and went boldly to meet the enemy. The effect of the new French guns, carrying their bullets to a distance of more than two English miles, was so great, that the center of the Austrians was soon obliged to fall back on its reserve, and Mortebello was again occupied by our men. By this time the 3rd and 4th brigades of General Forey's division had reached the scene of the action. This distinguished officer had left in support of a small band of the national guard—who, by the bye, fought bravely—his 1st brigade, sending an orderly officer of his staff to Marshal Baraguay d'Hilliers, asking support if need be. Having thus given orders, he came on with his Zouaves at the *pas de charge.* One battalion of Chasseurs d'Orleans rushed by, "the light of battle on faces." It was accompanied by two battalions of the line, commanded by Duchef and Lacretelle. The shock was terrible; Lacretelle fell dead from his horse, Major Duchef fell dead after him; our men still advanced *a la bayonette.* An Austrian Colonel and 200 Cavalry were made prisoners. Assailed in front by the French; broken by the impetuosity of the charge of the Sardinian Monferrato light horsemen, led by the brave Col. Morelli; attacked on the right by the *2nd brigade,* and by our artillery all along the line, the Austrians began to retire after a struggle of six hours.

At 5 o'clock p. m. they were driven pell-mell down the hill toward Stradella on one side, and toward Casatisma on the other, leaving mounds of dead behind them. We had won the way. The Austrians were therefore unable to force our positions, though they were 15,000 strong, with a powerful artillery, thus outnumbering us by 6,000 men. Forey's division numbered scarcely 8,000 fighting men, and was supported by 900 Sardinian horses. You must not forget that this brave cavalry, led by young Col. De Sonnaz, sustained for an hour the first shock of the enemy, thus giving time to the French to come up.

The last charge made by the Sardinians was fatal to Col. Morelli, who fell mortally wounded from his horse. Beside this loss, we have to deplore 200 dead and 300 wounded. Among the last the names of Colonels Griot, Les Barre, De Bellefonds, Dasmeuil, and Major Ferussal, all French superior officers, are to be noticed. Gen. Forey and the Sardinian cavalry colonel, De Sonnaz, behaved nobly. It is impossible to ascertain the loss sustained by the enemy, because the official report has not yet arrived in Turin.

According to the accounts of my informant, the Austrians have lost 1,500 men, dead and wounded, to say the least. It has been noticed that their men could not stand the impetuosity of Zouaves' and Chasseurs' bayonets and of Sardinian swords. Ascoun as they were assaulted by the deadly weapons they were always driven pell-mell from their positions, and the village of Montebello was thus taken and retaken thrice during the action. I make no pretensions whatever to send you a correct description of the battle. As I have already said, this brilliant exploit admits of no description, it is only a sketch that I present to your readers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINE.

☞ So celebrated has Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., become, that it is regarded as the only specific cure for worms. Families should never be without a supply of it. At this season particularly, when worms are so troublesome and frequently fatal, parents should be more on the watchful; and on the first appearance of those distressing symptoms which warn us of their presence, to apply Dr. M'Lane's celebrated vermifuge. We are confident that it requires only a trial, to convince all that it richly merits the praise which has been lavished upon it. It is safe and infallible. Volumes of certificates can be produced, showing its great medical virtues.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores.

☞ None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

A DISTRESSING COUGH CURED.

DEAR SIR—A few weeks since I had a distressing cough; my throat was very sore and inflamed, and I procured a bottle of Perry Davis's Pain Killer of you, and it has entirely cured me. I have also seen it used in cases of toothache and ague in the face, with the most happy effects. I believe it to be an invaluable medicine, and shall recommend it to my acquaintance.

C. W. BANKS, Jr., Port Ind.

This may certify, that my wife was for some time very much afflicted with a violent cough, which reduced her so much that she was unable to enjoy a moment's rest, day or night, and by the use of one bottle of Perry Davis's Pain Killer, she was entirely relieved and now enjoys good health. I consider it one of the best family medicines in use.

F. K. BELANGER, Perryburgh, O.

Sold by all druggists and dealers in family medicines.

OXYGENATED BITTERS.

☞ Read the following letter from Caleb Parker, Esq., of Concord, N. H., a man honored and esteemed by all who know him:—

Gentlemen:—With no disposition to make my name conspicuous, I take the opportunity to state to the afflicted the benefit I have derived from the use of *Dr. Green's Oxygenated Bitters,* and to recommend them to others. For two years I have been troubled with indigestion and its attendant evils, such as flatulency, constipation, severe attacks of diarrhoea, accompanied with water brash at the stomach, which reduced me in flesh, strength, and spirits, so low that I was nearly unfitted for business. I applied to several physicians from whom I obtained only temporary relief, I concluded, with the advice of friends, but without the least faith in their efficacy, to try the *Oxygenated Bitters,* from the use of which I found immediate relief, having no return of water brash after taking the first portion. My weigh has increased some thirty-five pounds, and my health is perfect. I can truly say that I consider the *Oxygenated Bitters* the best tonic extant. I have recommended them to several, who have invariably found great benefit from their use.

Yours respectfully, CALEB PARKER.

Sold by Fowle & Co., Boston, Proprietors. Sold by their agent everywhere.

PROCRASTINATION.

Why put off your cure? If you are suffering with the Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, or Weakness of the Digestive organs, do not delay, but resort at once to the use of Hoofland's German Bitters. We positively and unhesitatingly say, that if cure you, as they have done those named below before you. For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine at 75 cent per bottle.

MARRIED.

On the 15th inst., at Belleville, by the Rev. Wm. Smart, at the residence of the bride's father, Captain Bonisteel, ALEXANDER STEWART, Esq., Manager of the State Fire Insurance Company, Toronto, to MARY ALATHEA, eldest daughter of the late Israel F. Jones, Esq., of Prescott, Barrister-at-Law.

At St. Thomas' Church, Belleville, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. John Grier, JOHN MCDONNOUGH, Esq., Merchant, of Whitby, to MARY SOPHIA, eldest daughter of B. F. Davy, Esq., of this place.

BIRTH

At Thurlow, on the 15th inst., the wife of C. ST. GEORGE TAYWOOD, Esq., of a Son.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Wheat, ℔ 60 lbs.	8	6	@ 0	0
Rye, ℔ 56 lbs.	4	0	@ 5	0
Barley, ℔ 48 lbs.	3	0	@ 4	9
Oats, ℔ 34 lbs.	2	9	@ 3	0
Peas, ℔ 60 lbs.	3	9	@ 4	0
Corn, ℔ bushel.	4	0	@ 4	3
Buck Wheat, ℔ bushel.	3	0	@ 3	3
Flour, (Wholesale) ℔ bbl.	37	6	@ 42	0
Flour, ℔ 100 lbs.	18	0	@ 21	0
Potash, ℔ cwt.	27	6	@ 0	0
Hay, ℔ ton.	45	0	@ 50	0
Potatoes, ℔ bushel	3	0	@ 3	9
Pork, ℔ cwt.	25	0	@ 35	0
Beef, ℔ cwt.	25	0	@ 30	0
Eggs, ℔ doz.	0	5	@ 0	6
Butter, ℔ lb.	0	6	@ 0	7

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE Semi-Annual Examination of the Pupils attending the Belleville County Grammar School, will take place on

Thursday & Friday, 24th & 25th Inst.,

commencing on both days at half-past one o'clock, P. M.

All who feel an interest in education are respectfully invited to attend.

ALEXANDER HURDON,
Head Master.

Belleville, 16th June, 1859. 21

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT all accounts against the corporation of the Town of Belleville, up to the 28th day of June, 1859, be rendered on that date, to enable the Treasurer of the Town to make his half yearly balance up to the 1st of July next, in accordance with the By-Laws of the Town.

By order,

ROBT. M. ROY,
Town Clerk.

Belleville, June 16th, 1859. 21
Chronicle copy.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE next quarterly meeting of the County Board of Education, for the examination of Teachers, is appointed to be held at School House No 3, (Mr. Steele's), Pinnacle Street, Belleville, near the Wesleyan Methodist Church, on

Thursday July 7th 1859.

at nine o'clock, A. M., precisely.

Candidates are requested to present satisfactory testimonials of moral character from Clergymen or Superintendents.

Teachers please bear in mind that the examination will be conducted by printed questions and written answers. They are also required to bring with them paper necessary for the examination.

Candidates are required to send to the Secretary at Trenton, (pre-paid), at least one week before the Examination the subjoined particulars:

1st. Post Office Address.
2nd. Certificate of Character.
3rd. Class of Certificate, (if any) obtained.

Any Candidate not complying previously with these stipulations, will not be received on the day of Examinations.

By order of the Board,

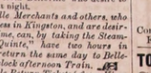
WM. BLEASDELL, M. A.,
Secretary.

Trenton, June 15th, 1859.
Chronicle copy twice.

DAILY BOAT!

Belleville, Picton, Kingston, Cape Vincent, &c., &c., &c.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAMER



BAY OF QUINTE,

CAPT. F. A. CARRELL,

LEAVES BELLEVILLE EVERY MORNING (Sundays excepted) at half past SIX o'clock, for Picton, Kingston, and intermediate Ports, arriving in Kingston about 1 o'clock, P. M. Returning, leaves Kingston every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at FOUR o'clock.

With also make occasional trips to CAPE VINCENT. Berths and State Rooms free for Passengers to or from Belleville who desire to sleep on board at night.

☞ *Belleville Merchants and others, who wishing to business in Kingston, and are desirous of saving time, can, by taking the Steamer "Bay of Quinte," have two hours in Kingston, and return the same day to Belleville by the 5 o'clock afternoon Train.*

☞ *Belleville Return Tickets (from Kingston) same day half fare.*

☞ Excursion and Pic-Nic parties to the Lake, Mountain, and other favorite pleasure resorts, arranged at moderate charges.

Freights and passages to and from Montreal in connection with Royal Mail Line Lake and River Steamers.

Omnibusses and Carriages always in waiting at Kingston and Belleville.

June 14th, 1859. 21

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THIS Farm consists of about 180 acres, in the second Con. of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings.

140 Acres cleared and well Fenced,

well watered, and in the highest state of cultivation. It is pleasently situated on the mail route between Stirling and Seymour East, being two Farms. There is on it 2 good Frame Houses, 2 Frame Barns, and other out-houses. Also a Store and Storehouse kept by the present Proprietor. 2 Blacksmith's shops, 2 stores and a School House, within half a mile of the Dwelling House. This is a rare chance to obtain a splendid and beautifully situated Farm, Cheap. ☞ Price £1,000, cash.

For further particulars apply to Alex. Menzies, Esq., Belleville, (if by letter, prepaid, Seymour East P. O.) to

JOHN ALLAN, *Proprietor.*

Belleville, June 7, 1859. 20-4w

L. O. L.

DISTRICT OF BELLEVILLE.

THE Semi-annual Meeting of the Loyal Orange Lodge, District of Belleville, will be held on

Saturday, the 25th of JUNE, 1859,

at Seven o'clock, P.M., in the L. O. L. Room, Belleville; of which, all persons concerned will take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

W. S. BOWES,
District Master.
JAMES GEEN,
JOSEPH TODD,
Inspectors.

Belleville, June 10th, 1859. 20-3w

SCHOOL TRUSTEES

OF School Sections in the Townships of SIDNEY, THURLOW & TYENDINAGA are requested to call at the Post Office, *IMMEDIATELY,* for the New Copy of the School Act, and the BLANK FORMS FOR HALF-YEARLY RETURNS.

F. H. ROUS,
Local Supt.

Belleville, June 6th, 1859. 20-3w

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE, BELLEVILLE,

WILL COMMENCE TO REDUCE ON MONDAY NEXT, 13th JUNE, GIVING UP BUSINESS IN THIS TOWN BY THE FIRST DAY OF JULY, WILL COMMENCE TO REDUCE IN PRICE, AND FROM WHICH THE LARGE

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF Dry Goods AND READY-MADE CLOTHING

will be allowed off all Cash Purchases, from the above date, which will leave the Goods at about HALF THE PRICE that such class of Goods can be purchased elsewhere. As the sale will last only for TWO WEEKS, Purchasers will do well to give an immediate call.

☞ DISCOUNT OF 16 PER CENT ☜

JUNE 13th, 1859.

P. O'NEILL, COMMERCIAL HOUSE, BELLEVILLE.

P. O'NEILL, Commercial House, Belleville, June, 1859.

TO LIQUOR DEALERS,

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with an Act of Parliament passed on the 26th March, 1859, (being 22nd Vic., cap. 6,) any Tavern, Grocery, or Shop Keeper, found selling liquor, between the hours of 7 o'clock on Saturday nights, and 8 o'clock on Monday mornings, will be prosecuted in accordance therewith.

JAMES GEEN,
JOSEPH TODD,
Inspectors.

Belleville, May 28th, 1859. 19-3w

FOUND,

A POCKET BOOK, containing money. The owner can have it by paying for this advertisement.

Apply to James Glass.

Belleville, May 25th, 1859.

CURRY & M'CANDLISH,

ARE now receiving from New York a general assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES,

COMPRISING

GUNPOWDER, HYSON & YOUNG HYSON TEAS,

VARIOUS FAVORITE BRANDS OF TOBACCOS,

Prime best Lante Currants, in kegs of 100 Pounds.

JAVA AND GONAIBES GREEN AND ROASTED COFFEE.

ARRACAN RICE.

And have also on hand,

BRIGHT CUBA MUS. SUGAR, MOLASSES, REFINED SUGARS AND SYRUPS.

VARIOUS QUALITIES OF FLOUR.

A QUANTITY OF CHICAGO STEAM CURD HAMS, DONE UP IN CANVASS, A VERY SUPERIOR ARTICLE.

A few tons Fresh Ground Corn Meal.

ALL OF WHICH THEY OFFER TO THE TRADE.

They are always in the Potash Market, and will pay the HIGHEST PRICE in CASH for it.

Belleville, May 23, 1859. 18-1m

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

WILL be received till the ELEVENTH DAY OF JUNE next, at the Office of H. F. Davy, Esq., from parties willing to undertake the erection of a Stone Wall round the Church of England Burying Ground in this Town.

The Wall to be good coarsed Rubble Masonry, extending 258 feet on Church Street, 281 feet 6 inches on Bridge Street, to be 2 feet 6 inches above the present level of the Street, and foundations taken out for 3 feet in depth.

Specifications and Plan may be seen at the Office of

ROBERT I. INNES,
Civil Engineer.

The committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest, or any tender.

Belleville, May 23, 1859. 18

J. L. REED,

FEELS thankful to the public for past patronage, and informs them that he will deal in

WOOL

the coming season, in any way to suit customers, such as CUSTOM CARDING, CLOTH DRESSING, and manufacturing

SATINETTS, TWEEDS, CASSIMERES, FLANNELS, &c.,

and guarantees to furnish the several articles at prices to suit the times. His object is to make the Farmers satisfied. Instead of selling for Foreign Goods, support your own industry—and take the trade from Belleville.

☞ Wool sent by FERRY will be carded and returned. Cloth on hand to exchange.

CASH PAID FOR WOOL.

Belleville, May 15, 1859. 18

To Printers.

PRINTING INKS FOR SALE!!

JUST received from the manufacturer, News, Job, and Card Inks, of the following Colors and Prices:

News, from 20 to 25 cents per ℔.
25 ℔ Kegs.
Book Ink from 40 cents to $1,00 per ℔.
Card " .....2,00 "
Red " .....2,00 "
Pale Red .....1,00 "
Light Red .....0,50 "
Dark Blue .....2,00 "
Pale Blue .....1,00 "
Light Blue .....0,75 "
Gold Size .....2,00 "

All Orders sent to "THE INTELLIGENCER" Office, will receive prompt attention.

The money must accompany each order.

Belleville, 1859.

CUSTOM HOUSE BROKER.

THE subscriber begs to inform the merchants of Belleville and Inhabitans of the County of Hastings that he has opened an office in

DAFOE BUILDINGS

For the purpose of carrying on the business of

LAND & GENERAL AGENT,

as, also, that of

CUSTOM HOUSE BROKER.

All business intrusted to him may be depended on being carried through with regularity and despatch.

ARCH. DUNLOP.

Belleville, April 13, 1858. 12tf

MADOC HOTEL,

BY

SIMON MACKENZIE,

IN THE

VILLAGE OF HASTINGS,

COUNTY OF HASTINGS, Canada West.

Good accommodations for Travellers, good Stables and Sheds, and trusty Hostlers always on hand.

Hastings, Nov. 18th, 1856. 34

CHARLES WILSON,

BARBER AND HAIR-DRESSER,

BEGS leave to inform the public in Town and Country, that he has commenced business in Belleville again, and hopes, by promptitude and attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Also,—Clothes cleaned, renovated, and dyed. Shop one door South of R. Wallbridge's Grocery, Bridge Street.

Belleville, Nov. 18, 1858. 46-tf

FOR SALE TO LET,

OR exchange for Land near any Village or Town, a two Story House, 40 by 28, the premises known as Wilson's Tavern, situated by the road leading to Madoc, in the township of Huntingdon, 17 miles from Belleville, eight miles from Sterling, and nine from Hastings.

Terms very liberal, and possession given immediately.

Apply to R. Read, Belleville, or to

JNO. HARRISON, On the premises.

Huntingdon, June 2, 1858. 19

FOR SALE.

FROM fifteen to twenty Cords of the best of coursing Stones; from 3½ to 4 inches thick. Also a quantity of sawed Lumber; consisting of square Timber 6x6, and Joists, from 16 to 18 feet long. Also a number of Dining and Side Tables, Stands of various fashions, and Bureaus; all of the best workmanship. Also a splendid new one-horse Cutter.

Call at the subscribers.

C. I. GOULD.

Belleville, August 31st, 1858. 32-tf

COMMERCIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 52.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of *Four* per cent on the Capital Stock of this Institution, for the half year ending 30th June next, has been this day declared, and the same will be payable, at the Bank and its offices, on and after Friday, the 1st day of July next. The Transfer Books will be closed on the 15th of June, and re-opened on the 1st of July.

The annual general meeting of Shareholders, for the election of Directors, will be at the Bank on

Saturday, the 25th day of June,

in conformity with the Charter, when a general statement of the affairs of the Bank will be submitted. The Chair will be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

C. S. ROSS,
Cashier.

Commercial Bank of Canada,
Kingston, May 26th, 1859. 19-5w

TO BE SOLD OR TO BE LEASED,

SEVERAL valuable building lots on Front Street, one of the BEST BUSINESS parts of the town.

ALSO,

Several lots on Pinnacle Street, fronting the Court House, and Commercial Street.

Application to be made by letter (post paid) to the Rev. JOHN CARROLL, Gananoque, or to ALEX. MENZIES, Esq., Belleville.

Belleville, March 3, 1859. 6-tf

FOR SALE.

THE South half of Lot No. 3, in the Fifth Concession of Hungerford. Apply to the undersigned on the premises

JOHN WILSON.

Hungerford, March 3, 1859. 7-tf

IMPORTANT TO HORSE BREEDERS.

THE celebrated entire horse, "BLACK HAWK," owned by P. R. Davy, Esq., of Ameliasburgh, will stand the coming season, until further notice, at the Stables of the Empire Hotel, Belleville, on Thursdays and Fridays. For further particulars see hand-bills.

To Let.

THE Fire Proof Store, Storehouse, and Wharf, lately occupied by Gillespie & Co., on Front Street.

CHAS. N. RIDLEY.

Belleville, March 18th, 1859. 7-tf

JAMES GEEN,

UNDERTAKER, keeps constantly on hand a Coffins, and is prepared to attend to all calls in the Trade, at hours furnished when required.

RESIDENCE—In the Masonic Hall, John Street, Belleville. ☞25tf.

POWELL'S CHOP HOUSE, COBOURG.

Breakfasts, Luncheons and Dinners, at ALL HOURS.

EDWARD POWELL, PROPRIETOR.

Cobourg, June, 1858. 19

UNDERTAKER.

THOMAS HARDY, begs to inform the inhabitants of Belleville, and the Country generally, that he has purchased the stock of COFFINS, &c., belonging to John McKay, Undertaker, and that he is now prepared to attend to all calls in his line, at the shortest notice. He begs to inform them, that he is prepared to furnish Coffins of all kinds and qualities, to suit customers.

NO CHARGE

made for the use of the Hearse when Coffins are furnished by him. ☞ *Terms Moderate.*

Belleville Nov. 26th, 1855.

EMIGRATION!

SERVANTS REGISTRY

AND GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE,

Near Post-office's Foundry, North Belleville.

ALL parties desirous of being furnished with masters or Servants from said office, will please attend there between the hours of two and three o'clock P. M.

Lands and houses rented or sold on moderate terms.

Office hours from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

C. McDIE.

Belleville, December, 1857. 47

TIME BRINGS CHANGES.

THE subscriber's Lease of Jonas Canniff's Mill having expired, begs to inform the Farmers, that he has no further connection with that Establishment, but would solicit friends, at ALMA MILLS, formerly Salven Reed's, where every attention will be paid to Gristing. Being the manufacturer of his own flour and having again engaged in the Baking Business he will be enabled to pay the highest price for the best wheat.

He would further beg to state that he will be prepared to purchase all kinds of coarse Grains at his Flour and Feed Store, next door north of Papineau's Hotel, on Front Street.

HENRY CORBY.

N. B.—All accounts due the subscriber for goods purchased at Canniff's Mills, are requested to be paid to him at his Store, forthwith.

H. C.

Belleville, August 26, 1858. 31-tf

CASH PAID FOR WOOL!

THE Subscribers having advertized to exchange for WOOL a large assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, TWEEDS, SATINETTS, &c., AND READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Of their own Manufacture, of every description, will also PAY CASH to those who do not wish to exchange, for ANY QUANTITY of merchantable WOOL, delivered at their Store on Front Street.

J. & J. BOOTH.

Belleville, May 14th, 1859. 17-tf

LAND FOR SALE,

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF MADOC

THE undersigned offers for Sale, the north half of Lot No. 7 in the 3rd con. of Madoc. The farm is improved, has a frame House and Barn erected upon it; it is well watered, and lays within about 3½ miles of the Village of Hastings.

Also Lot No. 9 in the same con., improved. For terms etc., enquire of the owner.

ROBT. SANDERSON.

Belleville, April 20th, 1859. 15-tf

THE BREWERY

BELLEVILLE.

CLIFFORD & STARLING

ARE NOW SUPPLYING THEIR

CELEBRATED PALE ALE.

AT 6 and 7 Dollars per barrel. Also GOOD BEER, at 5 Dollars per barrel. Cash payments for less quanties than 30 gallons.

3,000 Cords of Hard-wood wanted; part at the Brewery, and part at the Grand Trunk Railway Station. 46

TO THE PUBLIC!

AT a meeting of the Medical Faculty of the County of Hastings, held in Belleville, on the 14th inst., the following Preamble and resolution were passed, and ordered to be published in the *Hastings Chronicle* and the *Intelligencer*:—

Whereas, the custom hitherto followed by Physicians in this County, of allowing accounts for professional services to remain indefinitely unsettled, has been alike injurious to themselves,

Be it therefore *Resolved,*

1st.—That all accounts for Medical Services be rendered Quarterly.

2nd.—That all accounts made during the year be closed on 31st December.

(Signed) Dan. B. WALTON,
W. HOPE,
JAS. LISTER,
R. HOLDEN,
J. McLEAN,
G. H. HOULTER,
H. SPAFFORD,
D. E. BURDETT,
B. S. WILSON,
T. POMEROY,
P. V. DORLAND,
G. W. JONES, Canifton.
R. HOLDEN, *Chairman.*
S. WHEADON,
Secy.

Belleville, Oct. 14th, 1858. 39

FARM FOR SALE ON TIME.

200 ACRES, 6 miles out, 100 acres cleared. Being Lot No. 6, 2nd Con. Hungerford, will be sold, or exchanged for mortgages, very cheap, terms easy, title indisputable.

Possession given immediately.

Apply at Belleville, to the owner.

THOS. J. HIGGINS.

Belleville, March 25th, 1859. 10-3m

DAFOE HOUSE.

Corner of Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,

OPPOSITE THE

CUSTOM HOUSE AND POST OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, C. W.

THOMAS WARREN, Proprietor.

N. B.—Omnibuses from the house, attend every Train and Steamboat. Good Stabling attached, and trusty hostlers always in attendance.

Belleville, June 30th, 1858. 23-tf

LETTER A. NUMBER 1.

TROTTING HORSE "CHAMPION,"

WILL accommodate the Farmers between Napanee and Trenton, during the ensuing season.

Early applications are requested as the subscriber has great inducements to send his mares here.

TERMS: $5, $7, and $10, for single insurance.

Applications to be addressed (post paid) to JAS. MUNRO,
Northport.

Northport, April 6th, 1859. 12-w8

CHARLES BRICK,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER.

TWO DOORS ABOVE NULTY'S AUCTION ROOM.

INFORMS his numerous Customers, that he has just received a large assortment of first class

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

—AND—

GOLD JEWELRY,

Ready for sale, the finest and best description of Goods, ever before offered in Town. He advocates the principle, "small profits and quick returns," and invites the Ladies and Gentlemen of Belleville and vicinity, to call, see, and judge for themselves. The success he has met with, and the patronage bestowed upon him, will increase his efforts to bring about a

FOR SALE.

200 *BARRELS OF MESS PORK,*
300 *brls. PRIME MESS PORK,*
THREE TONS LARD,
A quantity of BACON and HAMS,
75 brls. BEEF,
75 brls. WHITE FISH,
30 thousand CEDAR RAILS.
Apply to

JAMES EASTON.

Belleville, 10th February, 1859. 3

Valuable Farm for Sale.

BEING part of the West half of Lot No. 21, in the Front concession of Sidney. On the premises is a large Frame Dwelling House, with two wings, and a good cellar. It is finished in a comfortable style both above and below. Also, a Frame Barn and Shed, with Cow Stable fitted for twenty-two head of cattle. There is also a large Orchard, bearing excellent fruit.

The farm above is situated on the main road, about half way between Belleville and Trenton.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor on the place.

CHAS. R. FINKLE.

Sidney, May 3rd, 1859. 15

TO RENT.

A SHOP and Dwelling House on Front Street, opposite the North American Hotel.

Also, a Brick Cottage adjoining my Own House.

Also, a Dwelling House in the rear of Mr. Gillespie's Shop, Front Street.

W. HOPE.

Belleville, 1st Nov., 1858. 41-tf

BRICKS, LIME, & SAND.

THE Subscriber will have on hand during the season, the above building materials; those requiring them can be furnished at reasonable rates.

GEORGE ORR.

Thurlow, April 9th, 1859. 13

LADIES BOOT & SHOE STORE.

MRS. LOUISA BRICK,

Front Street, Belleville, one door below Mr. Charles Brick's Jewelry Establishment,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies of Belleville and vicinity, that she keeps constantly, on hand a large assortment of the finest and best

LADIES BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Goods offered for sale are all new, and the latest styles always on hand, at fixed but LOW PRICES.

The most profitable business connections with Montreal, Toronto and New York firms, enables her to sell as low as any other establishment in Town.

Her late friends, and customers particularly, and such of the Ladies who like to be waited upon by her, will do well to get those wants supplied.

A large assortment of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Fall and Winter wear on hand.

Belleville, November 6th, 1858.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

POSSESSION first of May next, near the residence of Hon. Edmund Murney. It is in good condition, with a small garden attached. Rent moderate. Apply to

A. H. WALBRIDGE.

TO SELL OR LET,

A STORE and Lot situated in the Village of Smithville, formerly occupied by A. M. Ross.

Apply to R. P. JELLETT, Esq.

Belleville, August 27th, 1858. 30-tf

Manufacturing

WOOL CARDING,

AND

CLOTH DRESSING.

THE Subscriber having recently erected a New Building, on the premises which was destroyed by fire, begs to announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has put in perfectly new machinery, of the most improved kind, and is now prepared to

Card Wool, Full & Manufacture Cloth,

and

(Continued from first page.)

advice of your mother. If you had shaken and Robert with your sister, I should not had so much chance to carry out my evil designs. So you must forgive her and me. And as for having any ill will to E——, who thought I did not love her enough to me, you must not feel hard at her. Always use her child well, and you must not be uneasy about your children for I took good care of them, and you should have any of them. I'd advise in my letters the people that has them till they are of age, to not tell them who their mother or grandmother or friends be—Thus I shed do through spite or ill will to you on any account. But they are in good places, and will get a fair start in the world. I think you ought to keep from them, and let the same be. What they get is 200 acres of land and a year's provision, and a team of cattle when they are 21. The girl that I love as the heart in my body, will get a dower and customary things for house keeping, and 4 sheep. Keep clear of them or you may do more harm than good. I suppose you are acquainted by this time of my imprisonment for murder, and being found guilty of the same. I am guilty and shall be hung on the 13th of June, I deserve it and I die willingly for the same. My love, you'll never see me on earth again, but I hope you'll remember me in your prayers for I am in much need of grace. If this had not happened I should have gone to sea or gone in the army and removed you and your things to a new home in the woods. Oh, how I love the woods and the lakes! But I hope I am going to a place where there is no more trouble between man and wife, and where an unmerciful wife will be careful of yours. If that wife you deprive this life your sins won't hinder meeting in the Kingdom of Heaven, to see, love and enjoy God forever and ever. Now you must not fret for me, my love, on any account. I die among strangers, with none to close my body or shed a friendly tear for me. You only to get married again. You may expect my prayers of age. This is a world of deceit; you must find one that is better to you than I was. I advise this plan, and think it is for the best, but you can't get for good food, and kind words and kind ways you can scare of what you know we can't touch it for 2 years, then it shall be sold; in cash fetch more than $2,500, and I'll sail for one of my boys. I have no money now, and feel ashamed to ask you for any, but I know you would send me some if I only asked for it. Enclosed in this you will find a lock of my hair, so that you will see even of the remains of a bad husband to look at. But I hope you sincerely forgive me for the injuries I done to you and your sister. And, feel as if the Almighty God had forgiven me. Death is nothing, I don't fear it one more dad. But I hope I shall be prepared to meet that God I so often offended. I conclude this long, tedious letter to you hoping you will look to yourself and not be a degrace to your children in your old days. Keep from bad company, and please the Lord things will turn out better than you expect. Give my love to your stepfather and mother, sisters and brothers, and I remain your penitent husband, asking forgiveness from those whom I have offended.

Farewell, my dear and beloved for ever.

S. P. ROCK.

Belleville Gaol, April 28, 1859.

(LETTER NO. 7.)

TO MISS RACHEL LIGHTHEART:—*Dear Rachel, I send to you I ever shal, or any of your friends, and I can assure you, this is rather unpleasant for me to do, but I must be consistent with the will of God who does all things as He pleases, according to our deserts in this world of trouble. Since I had the pleasure of your agreeable company and that of your friends, with whom I had many pleasant days, things have taken a very curious turn for my sal fate; but alas, I am to blame for it all myself, so I can't impute any thing to any one else in this very solemn and sad affair. I suppose you are aware by this time that I am under the awful sentence of death for the shooting of a man on the Hastings road, and I did do it, and I merrey death for the same. I only have till next Monday to live and settle my affairs in this world of sin, and part it for a better one I hope; but we should be cheerful in parting with this vale of tears for the everlasting kingdom of glory and the presence of the saints and living God, to live and serve him for ever. Dear you must not think I live and die as foolish as when I was at your place in the back of bloom and mushroal, but you may be content to have done to my all your kind teachings and instructions is not a I forgotten, but I bear them in mind and they often dire away the sad, dismal thoughts of sin, which often try hard to get the better of me, in this quiet and trying house of affliction; I also bear in mind the vow I made to you and your kind mother as to dying in the catholic faith, I believe this is the last offer for my own ease, good, and happy and eternal welfare of my soul. You saved my life, I thank you most sincerely for it, and as you are the only one who stood the temptation of my evil designs, I shall love you more than I ever did, and if I had got a divorce from my wife I should have had you long ago, but it has turned better for you and less sin for me, and I think altogether it is for the best for me. I never knew one another. * * * I would wish you you ever hear any bad reports going through the county of Ellen W——, as it generally is my case, I'd ask you to stop to it, as she is innocent of any improper thing as far as I am concerned, and I tell you I never saw anything improper with her or Sarah the old miller's daughter, they are all good charactered girls, and if they kept company with me they did not know I was a married man and are not to blame for it; you must tell I was only joking, and so I was, for I meant no harm to them on any account. You must go and see my little sister Dorcas, and see to fetch her a present each time, and get married as soon as you please, as you are now clear of me and all vows that we made to one another. I got your letter you sent to me and the hair of your head; and as you know where to go and find it, I will give you the remainder of the money in that part where you saw me get it before. Be cautious and don't be seen, you may give the rifles to your brothers and tell them I sent them as presents; there is $1,000 or more yet there. And a great deal laid in other places; but you don't know other places to go to only this; and don't give your father any of it, as he may have hard feelings to you on my account, but love him and your mother whatever you do. * * * I have lived an Orange man and I will die a Roman. * * * Give my love to your sister, Greta Logtoe Moucux, or Maryann; Lighbert, your brothers John and William, and all the small fry of the house.*

So as time hurries onward to the silent grave, I will conclude by supposing I am yet squeezing the hand of her I love; you will soon follow me, and I will be glad to see my kind and loving girl in the kingdom of heaven. Farewell.

S. P. ROCK.

Belleville Gaol, June the 6th, 1859.

(LETTER No. 8.)

DEAR WIFE.—I thought I would send you a few lines before quitting this world forever, and bid you adieu, which I am sure you will feel hard to do; but it can't be helped now and I must be content with the will of God. But to part from you with I have wronged and cheated to me a great trouble. I have been so troubled in my mind at one time that I did not know what I was actually doing, and I also sent away the three ministers who attended me thinking there was none in any more prayers or seeking grace from God, but in this I was wrong, for I sent for a Catholic Priest of this town to learn what he had to say as condoling me. He came and I can assure you I feel quite calm in my mind, and perfectly resigned to the will of God. You must not feel angry with me for this on any account as I done it to keep from any more you'll never enter heaven if you don't do the same and repent of your sins. Farewell, my love I have only 10 days to live, and then I shall be no more. Let nothing keep you from serving God, that I may meet you and my children in heaven to part no more. God bless you and yours forever. Give my kind respects to your mother, and your brother and sisters and all inquiring friends. Good bye. I send these letters I have got from my friends and children. Among these is Dr. King's to me—poor fellow. He is to be hung on the 5th of June for the poisoning of his wife and child.

No more for ever, and I remain your penitent husband.

S. P. ROCK.

Farewell.

DEAR MOTHER:—If she is not to home keep these safe till you see her, and be careful of them, for if you lose them I'd hand you where you live, so mind and don't forget.

S. P. ROCK.

Belleville Gaol, June 2nd, 1859.

(LETTER No. 9.)

TO MR. PETER MASTIN,

SIR:—I received your kind and enquiring letter of the 12th inst., stating that you are not guilty of the slander of Mr. James Hunters' character and you did not know anything of it, and you did not know that I was up in the Sweetsan Mill of Underwood when Richard Coe, was to work. You did confess this whole affair to Will Perry and Alfred Goodrich in the sleigh going to Scotch Corners that you actually saw the Good Lives are fire saying be stole a cow and they wanted to catch him for it and did not. Mr. Edward Coe, come to Lake and told him you would meet us at Cremore to do as we agreed to. Mr Beaty was at home when he came and took me away with him. However, if I have made a mistake about it, may God forgive me for it, but I now have told the truth and you are guilty of it. I hold no hard feelings to you nor any man. But it is a great sin to take away a man's character, on any account. I am as guilty as you are; may God forgive me first.

Your's truly, S. P. ROCK.

Belleville Gaol, May 27th, 1859.

(LETTER No 10.)

To Mr. Peter Mastin,

DEAR SIR:—Your kind sympathizing letter of the 19th May, arrived here in due time and I can assure you that I feel glad at the happy things it contained as far as it led to my unfortunate affairs, and I have got the benefit of my near and dear friends and children's prayers offered at the throne of God every night for the welfare of that little child. But I felt sorry for my kind friend Mr. Bowerman and pray with my whole heart and soul that I may meet him in heaven 16 days more and if I am not better off it is a curious thing to me.

Tell Mrs. Hill I feel as sorry for Sarah Ellen as she does, as we often found in our family prayers with the rest of the young folks she had a good disposition and all loved her who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. Remember to my little girl and I send you a lock of my hair to keep for her when she grows up.

S. P. ROCK.

Belleville Gaol, May 27th, 1859.

Varieties.

A MILIONAIRE DONE.

A well-known millionaire, a speculator in stocks, formerly a vandeviliste, (writes do sometimes become millionaires,) Mr. Lefrane, was lighting a cigar in a cigar store, when a workman about thirty years of age, poorly but neatly dressed approached the counter, and said timidly to the woman in attendance, in a tone of deep emotion:

"Madam is it possible for you to change me a piece of forty francs?

And at the same time he unrolled a piece of gold, preciously enveloped in paper.

"Change is scarce, my good man," replied the woman drily, "and I have not too much for my own wants."

"I beg pardon, madam," murmured the poor artisan, quite confused, and folding up with a trembling hand the piece of gold in its envelope.

"Stop, my good fellow," said Lefrane, drawing out his pocket book, "here are eight pieces of five francs—give me your piece of gold."

"Much obliged sir!"

Scarcely had Lefrane arrived in the street, when he perceived the workman on his track regarding him with a wet eye, as if he was hesitating to address him.

"Approach my friend, said Lefrane, "have you got anything to say to me?"

"Alas! yes, sir; this piece of gold for which you have just given me change—"Well?

"It is my marriage-piece, sir. At that time people had work, people were rich, it did not cost so much to live. Nine years have I preserved that piece of gold, as the apple of my eye! and now I offer it to you, it is because I am out of work, and there is no more bread at home for my wife and children. But misery is not always at the door of poor people, if Monsieur will be good enough to give me the time to reclaim my treasure!"

"Certainly," replied Lefranc, moved at the story of the poor man: (Lefranc is not like all such brokers) "I give you three months dating from to-day. You may count on me; here is my card.

This scene, true in every line, occurred four months ago; but it lacks a denouement. The poor man still waits its distressed master and Lefranc hesitates to put it into circulation, for fear he may be arrested for counterfeiting.

DIALOGUE BETWEEN AN ENGLISH GENTLEMAN AND AN IRISH INN-KEEPER.

English Gentleman—Hallos, house!

Irish Inkeeper—I don't know any one of that name.

Gentleman—Are you the master of the inn?

Inkeeper—Yes, sir, please your honor, when my wife's from home.

Gentleman—Have you a bill of fare?

Inkeeper—Yes, sir; the firs of Mullingar and Balinasloe, are the next week.

Gentleman—I see. How are your beds?

Inkeeper—Very well, I think you.

Gentleman—Have you any mountain?

Inkeeper—Yes, sir, all kinds, from Irish white wine (buttermilk) to Burgundy.

Gentleman—Have you any porter?

Inkeeper—Yes, sir. Pat is an excellent porter, he'll go anywhere.

Gentleman—No; I mean porter to drink.

Inkeeper—Oh, sir, he'd drink the ocean—never fear for that.

Gentleman—Have you any fish?

Inkeeper—They call myself an odd fish.

Gentleman—I think so; I hope you're no sharper.

Inkeeper—No, sir, indeed; I am not a lawyer.

Gentleman—Have you any soles?

Inkeeper—For your boots or shoes, sir!

Gentleman—Psha! have you any pace?

Inkeeper—No sir; but I was promised one if I would vote for Mr. Bouther.

Gentleman—Have you any wild fowl?

Inkeeper—They are tame enough now, for they have been killed these three days.

Gentleman—I must see myself.

Inkeeper—An' welcom, sir. I'll fetch you the looking-glass.

A young two-year old youngster just beginning to talk to another older relative the other day by his mother for some naughtiness, and while she was laying it down good, with strong gestures and sparkling eye, Young Canada looked up calmly into her face, and exclaimed "Ma—mistaid." The mother was so astonished at this polite request, that she subsided without delay.

It is vain to stick your finger in the water and pulling it out, look for a hole, and equally vain to suppose that, however large a space you occupy, the world will miss you when you die.

WANTED.—The lid of a box on the car. The handle of the cup of affliction. The cow that gave the milk of loving kindness. A leaf of the balm of consolation. A few hairs from a tale of woe and sorrow.

"YOU'VE destroyed my peace of mind," said a desponding lover to a truant lass. "It can't do you much harm, John," replied she, for it was an annoying small piece you had."

Why should a clergyman always wear well fitting clothes? Because he should never be a man of loose habits.

Why would a sparrow feel offended if you called him a musical bird? Because he'd think you were making game of him.

Why are blackberries the most discontented of tradesmen? Because they are always on the strike for wages.

How many young ladies will it take to reach from London to Brighton? Fifty-two; because a Miss is as good as a mile.

Why are bankrupts more to be pitied than idiots? Because bankrupts are broke, while idiots are only cracked.

What is the difference between a young girl and an old hat!—Merely one of time; one has a flowing, and the other has felt.

What is the difference between a schoolmaster and a railway driver? One winds the train, and the other trains the mind.

Why is a man taken ill while looking at the sun setting, like a retired place?—Because he's sick-westerd (sequestered.)

Why is a man who spoils his children like another who builds castles in the air? Because he indulges in fancy (infancy) too much.

Lands for Sale.

LANDS, the following Lots, the property of T. A. Stayner, Esq., will be sold at moderate rates, on application to the undersigned:—

SAYMOUR.

N. E. part of 13, 8 concession, 92 acres.
S. E. do. do. 14, 11 do. 77 do.

EGERTON.

W. of Lot 18, 2 concession, 100 acres.
W. of Lot 4, do. 200 do.

HUNGERFORD.

Lot number 31, 3 concession, 200 acres.
Lot number 32, 3 do. 200 do.

All persons trespassing on the above Lots by cutting timber, or otherwise, will be prosecuted according to the law in such case.

A. MENZIES, *Agent.*

Belleville, April 15th, 1856. 12

RAILROAD HOUSE.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THAT well known and long established Hotel on the East end of Front-Street, in the Town of Belleville, and County of Hastings, with immediate possession having attached large outbuildings, and commodious yard. Rent moderate.

Apply to

A. H. WALBRIDGE.

Belleville, March 12th, 1859.

HATS! HATS!

SPRING STYLE FOR HAT

Just Opened out at

GEO. H. HAYMES',

SIGN OF THE

"BIG HAT"

Every Variety of

Caps and Soft Hats,

for Men, Youths,

And Children

BELLEVILLE, 1859. 8.

HAVING been housed out on the 1st instant, the undersigned will be found for the present on the west side of the Front, nearly opposite Mr. McCormack's Grocery, ready to execute any work wanted in the Marble line.

T. S. HIGGINS.

Belleville, April 28th, 1859.

Brace's New York Type Foundry

HAS NOW ON HAND AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Roman Type, Fancy Type, Copperplate Script, German Type, Music Type, Ornaments, Chess and Checker Type, Borders, Brass and Metal Rules, Dashes, Brass & Electro Circles & Ellipses, False-sawing rules, Corner Quads, Metal Furniture, etc.

TYPE types are cast by steam power from the hard metal peculiar to this foundry. The unequaled rapidity in the process of casting enables me to sell these more durable types at the lowest prices of ordinary types, either for cash or credit.

Presses, wood Type, Ink, Cases, Sticks, etc., furnished at the manufacturer's lowest prices. A specimen pamphlet of Fonts of Letter only, and prices, mailed to printing offices, on the reception of seven cents, to pre-pay the postage.

Printers of Newspapers who choose to publish this advertisement, including this note, three times before the 1st day of August, 1859, and forward me one of the papers, will be allowed their bills, at the time of making a purchase from me of five times the amount of my manufactures.

Address,

GEORGE BRUCE,
13 Chambers St., New York. 19

TO PRINTERS.

Cortelyou's New York Type Foundry, AND

PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE,

(Established 1823) No. 29, Spruce Street.

THE subscriber will be happy to furnish purchasers of *PRINTING MATERIALS* of the *BEST* and *MOST FASHIONABLE TYPES, BORDERS, &c.*, made from a combination of the hard metals so extensively used by Couples, Two German Text, Gothic, Hebrew, and a New and Elegant Fount, the *AGATE MUSIC TYPE*, from which the *Musical Review* and *Pearl* are now printed. Presses, Ink, and every article used in Printing, at the very lowest prices, for cash or approved paper.

Old Type taken in exchange for new, at 10 cents per pound.

Second-hand Presses and Materials, and a complete Stereotype Foundry, with Two Steaming Machines, for sale cheap.

☞ Printers of newspapers publishing this advertisement (including this note) three times before the 1st of September, 1859, and sending me one of the papers, will be allowed for it in Printing Types, when they purchase four times the amount of their bill.

P. C. CORTELYOU.

42

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,

Toronto, April, 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Lands, in the County of Hastings, U. C., will be open for Sale on and after the

Eleventh of Next Month,

upon application to FRANCIS M'ANNANY, Esq., of Belleville, upon the following conditions:—

The price, 70 cents an acre for cash, or $1 an acre; one-fifth paid down, and the remainder in four equal annual instalments, with interest.

On payment of the whole of the purchase money, settlers' fees will be issued for the land if the party applying, or some person under whom he claims, have taken possession of the land, and cleared six months from the time of sale, and shall from that time continuously have been a *bona fide* occupant or resident on the land for at least two years, and have erected a house fit for habitation and crop and had under crop within four years at farthest from the time of sale of the land, a quantity thereof in the proportion of at least ten acres to every one hundred acres, and have erected thereon a house habitable and of the dimensions at least of sixteen by twenty feet.

No timber to be cut, unless under License, except for agricultural purposes.

CROWN LANDS,

TOWNSHIP OF RAWDON.

10th Con. N. ½ 11.
13th " S. ½ N. ½ 24.
14th " 9.

HUNTINGDON.

1st Con. 10 *HUNGERFORD.*

7th Con. N. ½ 31.
8th " W. ½ 35 (57 acres).
11th " N. ½ 26, 29, 34 (85).
12th " N. ½ 21, N. ½ 26, 28, 30, S. ½ 31, 34 (104).
13th " N. pt. 6, (72), N. ½ 20, 22, N. ½ 25, S. ½ 26, 27, N. ½ 29, N. ½ 30, 32 (100).
14th " N. ½ 1 (92), N. pt. 2 (60), N. pt. 16 (80), N. pt. 21 (14), 23 (175), 24 (174), 25 (175), 26 (175), 28 (172), 29 (170), 31 (170).

ELZEVIR.

1st Con. 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32 (146).
2nd " N. ½ 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30.
3rd " E. ½ 3, W. ½ 4, 6, E. ½ 7, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32 (146).
4th " 4, W. ½ 5, 7, 8, E. ½ 10, E. ½ 11, 13, E. ½ 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30, 31.
5th " 1, E. ½ 3, W. ½ 4, E. ½ 7, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 32 (146).
6th " 1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 31.
7th " 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30.
8th " 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30, 31.
9th " 1, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, E. ½ 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30.
10th " 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 (121 each).

MADOC.

1st Con. 3, 4, 9, 13.
2nd " 1, 3, 4, E. ½ 5.
6th " W. ½ 29.
9th " E. ½ 32 (33).
11th " E. pt. 7, E. pt. 9, E. pt. 10, E. pt. 13, E. pt. 21, E. pt. 29 (23 each).

MARMORA.

1st Con. E. ½ 13, E. ½ 16, E. ½ 17, 23, E. ½ 30, 29, 30, 32 (160).
2nd " W. ½ 1, 2, 3.
3rd " E. ½ 18, 30 (110), 32 (139).
4th " W. ½ 28, E. ½ 29, 32 (90).
5th " E. ½ 1, 2, 24, 26, 27, E. ½ 29, 30, 32 (90).
6th " 2 (180), 31.
7th " N. W. ½ 29, 30, 32 (195).
8th " E. ½ 3, S. W. ½ 21, 26, 29, 31, 32 (153).
9th " W. ½ of E. ½ 1, W. ½ 9, W. ½ 10, S. ½ 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 (158).
10th " W. ½ of E. ½ 1, E. ½ 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, E. ½ 13, 26, 28, 29, 31, 32 (153).
11th " E. pt. 4, (50), 5, 6 (152 each), 8 (104, 7 (81), 9, 12 (152 each).

CLERGY RESERVES,

TOWNSHIP OF ELZEVIR.

1st Con. E. ½ 17, E. ½ 18, 31.
2nd " 20, 27, 32 (146).
3rd " E. ½ 2, 8, 18, 21.
4th " 6, 22, 26, 27, 32 (146).
5th " 2, 8, 15, 18, 31.
6th " 13, 20, 27, 32 (140).
7th " 2, 8, 15, 18, 31 (130).
8th " 6, 12, 20, 27, 32 (140).
9th " 2, 8, 15, 31.
10th " 6, 12, 20, 27, 32 (146).
11th " 2, 8, 15, 18, 31 (124 each).

16

Phonography.

What it is, and who should learn it.

Phonography is a philosophical method of writing the English language, with an alphabet composed of the simplest geometrical signs, which accurately represent the sounds of spoken words. It may be written six times as fast as the ordinary long-hand, and is equally legible, and very easily learned.

The Young should learn it.

"Young men should learn it to fit them for the duties intended for the learned professions would save five hundred dollars to their parents, and spare them the use of the tedious longhand.—*Scientific Repository.*

"There is not an hour in the day but what it is in the school, out of division. If, in which I do not see the students using this art, and it is their universal advantage."—JOHN S. HART, *Principal of the High School, Philadelphia, Pa.*

Students should learn it.

"It furnishes a means of noting the accurate pronunciation of words, both of our own and other languages, and its employment tends to the student in a more careful and correct style of speaking."—*Scientific Journal, London.*

"I am Phonography for reporting the lectures of the professors, and this alone has enabled me to get through, possibly with credit."—E. BEAUMAN, *Student of Medicine.*

Editors and Authors should learn it.

"Professor Agnosti told me yesterday, that Phonography had reached him to discover in only one week, and could have done in three years without it."—ROSSI, *Author, Philadelphia.*

"Writing is thought extravagant, but we are convinced of its economy, in that which we use, that we would not give up the use of Phonography for the addition of $500 per annum to our income."—*Editor Christian Philanthropist.*

Ladies should learn it.

"Correspondence between two loving friends desires now interest from the mysteriousness in which it is conclud."—MRS. DR. WEST, *Lexington, L. I.*

"Nine-tenths of the day's mail, which in the old trial were written out by an amanuensis (a lady in this case) was did not first a word of the kind."—PHONOGRAPHIC REPORTER.

Everybody should learn it, because of its Universal Availability.

The MANUAL OF PHONOGRAPHY, and the PHONOGRAPHIC COPY-BOOK, just published by the Subscriber, are the works from which to acquire this rapid and beautiful system of writing, by which 75 to 100 words per minute may be written, after only a few weeks' practice. No teacher is required, full directions and illustrations being given in the Manual, which may be understood and applied by any boy or girl over six years of age. Both books are sent by mail, to any address, postage free, on receipt of the price—ONE DOLLAR.

WILLIAM H. ORR,
OSWEGO POST OFFICE, C. W.

Clergymen should learn it.

"I have found it invaluable, especially in Phonography, and I have no longer trouble in reading what I have written. What I have lost in time I have gained in rest, which I am now enjoying."—REV. J. T. COOPER, *Methodist Minister.*

"I know more than one minister who is able to write a sermon in Phonography, and to preach it from memory, and he is thus able to read it just as easily as from equally legible longhand."—REV. D. D. WEMON, D. D., *Germantown, Pa.*

"I talk with four hours a discourse that would otherwise occupy the whole working day; and I can do it without injury to the brain, and with much more ease, than if it were written in the ordinary longhand."—REV. W. HOWARD, *Philadelphia, Pa.*

Lawyers should learn it.

"In reading, taking business papers, agreements, etc., I use Phonography, and my clerk copies them in longhand. I can accomplish an amount of labor with Phonography, which I could not do without it."—HON. JOHN M. READ, *Philadelphia, Pa.*

"Had the art been known forty years ago, it would have saved me literally years of hard labor."—HON. THOMAS H. BURTON.

Physicians should learn it.

"For ministers, Phonography is his note-book or diary, or his index. Phonography is just the thing. Whether he wishes to keep a record of each day's practice, or only of special cases, it must be to him a valuable aid in reading and thoroughly ARTICULATING."—MEDICAL EDITOR.

Clerks should learn it.

"Two individuals upon loving school, I gained an eligible situation, which they not only recommendation above other applicants, but the possession of the art."—RANDOLPH SCHOOL, *Philadelphia, Pa.*

Everybody should learn it, because of its Universal Availability.

THE MANUAL OF PHONOGRAPHY, and the PHONOGRAPHIC COPY-BOOK, just published by the Subscriber, are the works from which to acquire this rapid and beautiful system of writing, by which 75 to 100 words per minute may be written, after only a few weeks' practice. No teacher is required, full directions and illustrations being given in the Manual, which may be understood and applied by any boy or girl over six years of age. Both books are sent by mail, to any address, postage free, on receipt of the price—ONE DOLLAR.

WILLIAM H. ORR,
OSWEGO POST OFFICE, C. W.

Facts for Farmers.

IKE MARVEL'S ADDRESS TO FARMERS.

Donald G. Mitchell (Ike Marvel) recently delivered the annual address before the Connecticut State Agricultural Society. From a condensed report in the Hartford papers, we collect the following admirable closing paragraphs:

"But there is something worth living for besides money. That is very good—but it is not all. With the rest let us raise a less crop of ideas. While you are at labor, remember also that you are a man of duties and responsibilities. Live down the old brutal notion that a farmer must be uncouth, uneducated and unthinking—a mere plodder.

"Move toward a better life. Make your farm a place which your sons and daughters cannot help loving. Cultivate the trees—they are God's messengers. Don't say that you care nothing for looks. You do care, else why did you build that towsy white house, with blinds and cupola, into which you never go? Or why did you, years ago carefully brush your coat, and pluck up your shirt collar when you were starting on a Sunday evening to visit the good woman who now shares your home?

"Care more for the books and pictures. Don't keep a solemn parlor, in which you go but once a month, with the parson or a sewing society. Hang around your walls, pictures with the stories of mercy, hope, courage, faith, and charity. Make your evening home, the happiest and cheerful one in the house. Let the place be such that when your boy has gone to distant lands, or even when, perhaps, he rings to a single place in the lonely water of the wild ocean, the thought of the home, stead shall come across the desolation, bringing always high hope and love.

"Have no dungeon about your house, no room you tenant, no hideouts that are always shut. Don't teach your daughters French before they can weed a flower-bed or cling to a side saddle; and daughters do not be ashamed of a pruning knife. Bring to your doors the richest flowers from the woods, cultivate the friendship of birds.—Scorn the scamp that levels his murderous gun at the blue-bird or the robin. Study botany, learn to love nature, and seek a higher cultivation than the fashionable world would give you."

CULTURE OF ASPARAGUS.

Sensible men will not plant their asparagus beds thick. If their ground is small grass will be cut to supply the place of asparagus kind. Plenty of room and good soil is the key to "fat" asparagus. Neither will they plant it deep; that the idea is old and obsolete; it was greatly in vogue during the days when blanched asparagus, with the young only eatable, was the acme of perfection. Now it is preferred green, (at least when they have had the pleasure of a trial.) In this state they eat much and waste little. So, two inches of soil is enough—its object, not a covering as preservation or the like, but a weight, the penetrating of which gives the grass additional strength, or rather size. For the broad acre, three feet between the rows, is thick enough to plant. Is this agreeable to the New York market gardener's advice, or have they a better way? Will Mr. Henderson tell us?

I should not consider it good policy to sow the seed to the permanent bed—first, because it would employ important room, while it gave no adequate return—and secondly, because it would rarely get thinned out sufficiently to put right. The plants on parsley-rows could be grown on ploughed land, (if deep, but can be beat on trenched land, however.) It will also grow on land not much above the water at certain seasons of the year, but if the same land is drained, it will produce better. This lets the rain of Heaven to their roots, and with it grows soluble food.—*Country Gentleman.*

EGGS—HOW TO PACK THEM.

The following directions are given by one who has a good deal of egg packing to do, as the best method:—

"Always use clean oats. First put down one inch deep in the bottom of the barrel; then a pretty firm sheet of paper, then a half inch of oats well pressed; then eggs, oats up, followed by oats and eggs as before, but working each layer of oats with the hand so as to press around the eggs next the barrel, as well as rubbing them effectually in between each of the eggs in the layer. Use a board some six or eight inches square, with a loop or staple in the centre, for pressing each layer of oats firmly down.

There will be something gained by lifting and dropping the barrel square on the end, but not by shaking as it disturbs the layers. When it gets too heavy to lift, use a board three fourths as large as the head, and get on it, increasing your weight with a spring. End as you began, with paper and oats, getting on the head and driving it in. The secret lies in packing the oats better worth sending to market than hay, and just as safe. I have sent ten barrels at a time without losing a single egg. You must pack tight. Remember that."

A HINT TO TAKE NOW.

White walls and long lines of white fences, gleaming and luxuriant and embowering foliage give a farm establishment an appearance of neatness and rural elegance and comfort, and indescribably adorning to the man of taste, and can in no way be so effectually and economically secured as by giving them a few coats of whitewash. The white-washing of walls and horse stalls as well as inside of pigeon houses, not only render them more healthy, but prevents the animals and fowls from being infested with troublesome, filthy vermin. The humble log house of the new settler, if coated with white-wash, proves to an air of cleanliness and taste which reflects favorably upon the *personnel* of its inmates.—Strangers arriving from Europe via the St. Lawrence to Quebec find no object so attractive and picturesque as the neat white-washed cottages of the *habitans*, dotting the bank of the majestic river. As back-ground polish will improve the appearance of dilapidated book-case, so will a coat of whitewash neutralize the deformities of the rudest dwelling. Try it.

A favorite mode of introduction in Brazil is said to be, "This is my friend; if he steals anything from you I am responsible for it."

R. W. MOORE,

VETERINARY SURGEON. All calls promptly attended to, and operations carefully and scientifically performed. Residence, Weese's Hotel, Belleville.

TO LEASE,

THE upper part of the building situate on the South West corner of Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, in the Town of Belleville. For particulars apply to

A. H. M. H. WALKBRIDGE.

Belleville, June 2, 1858. 5

Insurance Agencies.

INTERNATIONAL
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
142 STRAND, LONDON.

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Miss Elizabeth A. Gould,

WOULD announce to her patrons, and the public, generally, that her next term of tuition, will commence on the 17th inst. And will be thankfully receiving thanks, for the liberal support received for her their hands, would still solicit, and hope to merit a continuation of their patronage.

Belleville, August 3rd, 1857. 29

TO MAGISTRAETS.

THE following Blank Forms for the use of Magistrates, have just been printed upon good paper, and for sale at the INTELLIGENCER OFFICE:—

Summons to Witness.
Summons to Defendant.
Warrants.
Search Warrants.
Informations and Complaints.

Also, in Press, the following forms, which will be ready in a short time:

Recognizance to Keep the Peace.
Information.
Warrant to arrest Defendant.
Warrant of Commitment.

A NEW ARTICLE!!

Canadian Invention!!!

D. CAMPBELL'S
REVOLVING ANGLE-JOINT.
Patented, 18th Nov., 1857.

THIS invention is of various applications, and is a wonderful asset, as now well, in making the FAVIER square, for the use of mechanics. By it a Square is instantly converted into a Yard Measure, and a Straight Edge, when combined in one, three *different instruments*, and is invaluable to Tailors, Harness Makers, Glass-Cutters, Draughtsmen, &c. &c. Specimens of the same now for sale at a low figure, $5 each. A sample of them can be seen at the *Intelligencer Office, Belleville.*

The Patentee will sell the right for any locality in Canada, East or West, or for the Province, on reasonable terms. The invention is entirely new, and capable of various and extensive applications, and is certain of being favorably received by the public, the profitable nature of the right may rely on its being a very profitable investment, especially so, as he will employ the entire monopoly for the whole term of patent, commencing from date.

Application for the Patent Square, or the right to make and use the *Revolving Angle-Joint*, in Canada, addressed to D. Campbell, Agent for the Agent at Shannonville, C. W., will meet prompt attention.

16 W. CAMPBELL, Agent for Canada.

L. SCOTT & CO.'S,
REPRINT OF THE
BRITISH PERIODICALS,
AND THE
FARMER'S GUIDE.
GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE.

L. SCOTT & Co., New York, continue to publish the following leading British periodicals, viz:

THE LONDON QUARTERLY, (Conservative.)
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW, (Whig.)
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These Periodicals ably represent the three great political parties of Great Britain—Whig, Tory and Radical—the leading articles from only one feature of there character. As Organs of the most profound writers on Science, literature, morals, Politics, and Religion, they stand, and never have stood, unrivalled in the world of letters, being considered indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and the intelligent reader of every class they furnish a more correct and satisfactory record of the current literature of Foreign *Metaphysics* than what can be possibly obtained form any other source.

PRICE OF THE REPRINT FOR 1859.

The receipt of *Advance Sheets* from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be issued in the shortest possible time after the publication of the Foreign Editions.

TERMS.

	Per ann.
For any one of the four Reviews	$ 5 00
For any two of the four Reviews	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews	7 00
For all four of the Reviews	8 00
For Blackwood's magazine	3 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews	9 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	10 00

Postage to be added in all cases in advance.

Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

CLUBBING WITH BLACKWOOD.

Canadian mail Subscribers supplied free of United States Postage.

Payment to be made at Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is about $31 per annum.

The Farmer's Guide.

THE SCIENCE AND PRACTICE OF AGRICULTURE. By Henry Stephens, F. R. S., of Edinburg, and the late J. P. Norton, Professor of Scientific Agriculture, Yale College, New Haven. 2 vols. Royal Octavo. 1,600 pages, and numerous Wood and Steel Engravings.

This is, confessedly, the most complete work on Agriculture ever published, and in order to place it in the reach of the public, publishers have resolved to reduce the price to

*FIVE DOLLARS FOR THE TW